Adjectives: word order (a **nice new** house) Adjectives after verbs (You **look tired**)

Sometimes we use two or more adjectives together:

- My brother lives in a nice new house.
- In the kitchen there was a beautiful large round wooden table.

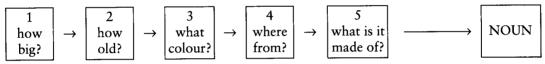
Adjectives like new/large/round/wooden are fact adjectives. They give us factual information about age, size, colour etc.

Adjectives like nice/beautiful are opinion adjectives. They tell us what somebody thinks of something or somebody.

Opinion adjectives usually go before fact adjectives.

	opinion	fact	
a	nice	long	summer holiday
an	interesting	young	man
	delicious	hot	vegetable soup
а	beautiful	large round wooden	table

Sometimes we use two or more fact adjectives. Very often (but not always) we put fact adjectives in this order:



a tall young man $(1 \rightarrow 2)$ big blue eyes $(1 \rightarrow 3)$ a small black plastic bag $(1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5)$ a large wooden table $(1 \rightarrow 5)$ an old Russian song $(2 \rightarrow 4)$ an old white cotton shirt $(2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5)$

a long narrow street

Adjectives of size and length (big/small/tall/short/long etc.) usually go before adjectives of shape and width (round/fat/thin/slim/wide etc.):

a large round table a tall thin girl.

When there are two colour adjectives, we use and:

a black and white dress a red, white and green flag

but a long black dress (not 'a long and black dress')

We say 'the first two days', 'the next few weeks', 'the last ten minutes' etc.:

- I didn't enjoy the first two days of the course. (not 'the two first days')
- They'll be away for the next few weeks. (not 'the few next weeks')

We use adjectives after be/get/become/seem:

- Be careful!
- I'm tired and I'm getting hungry.
- As the film went on, it became more and more boring.
- Your friend seems very nice.

We also use adjectives to say how somebody/something looks, feels, sounds, tastes or smells:

- You look tired. / I feel tired. / She sounds tired.
- The dinner smells good.

• This tea tastes a bit strange.

But to say how somebody does something you must use an adverb (see Units 99-100):

- Drive carefully! (not 'Drive careful')
- Susan plays the piano very well. (not 'plays...very good')

EXERCISES

98. 1	Put the adjectives in bra		•						
	1 a beautiful table (wooden / round) a beautiful round wooden table								
	2 an unusual ring (gold)								
	3 a new pullover (nice								
	4 a new pullover (gree								
	5 an old house (beaut)								
	6 black gloves (leather								
	7 an American film (o	•							
	8 a long face (thin)								
	9 big clouds (black)								
	10 a sunny day (lovely)								
	11 a wide avenue (long								
	12 a metal box (black /								
	13 a big cat (fat / black								
	14 a little village (old /								
	15 long hair (black / be	•							
	16 an old painting (inte								
	17 an enormous umbre								
	17 un enermous umbre	na (rea / yenew)	***************************************	••••••					
98.2	Write the following in a	nother way using	g the first/	the next/	the last				
	1 the first day and the second day of the course the first two days of the course								
	2 next week and the we	2 next week and the week after the next two weeks							
	3 yesterday and the day before yesterday								
	4 the first week and the								
	5 tomorrow and a few		-						
	6 questions 1, 2 and 3								
	7 next year and the year								
	8 the last day of our ho								
	•	·	•						
98.3	Complete each sentence	with a verb (in t	the correct for	rm) and an a	idjective from t	the boxes.			
	feel look	seem	awful	fine	interesting				
	smell sound	taste	nice	upset	wet				
	Shich Sound	taste	mee	ирэст	Wet				
	1 Ann seemed upset	this morning. I	Oo you know	what was w	rong?				
	2 I can't eat this. I've just tried it and it								
	3 I wasn't very well yes								
	4 What beautiful flowe	•							
		5 You							
	6 Jim was telling me about his new job. It quite								
	much better than his	•			•				
		•							
98.4	Choose the correct word.								
	1 This tea tastes a bit	1 This tea tastes a bitstrange (strange/strangely)							
	2 I always feel when the sun is shining. (happy/happily)								
	3 The children were playing in the garden. (happy/happily)								
	4 The man became when the manager of the restaurant asked him to leave.								
	(violent/violently)								
	5 You look! Are you all right? (terrible/terribly)								
	6 There's no point in d					operly)			
					(FFP-	1,			

96.3 3 living 4 offering 5 called 6 blown 7 sitting reading 8 working studying
 There's somebody coming. There were a lot of people travelling. There was nobody else staying there. There was nothing written on it. There's a course beginning next Monday.
97.1 2 a exhausting b exhausted 3 a depressing b depressed c depressed 4 a exciting b exciting c excited 97.2 2 interested 3 exciting 4 embarrassing 5 embarrassed 6 amazed 7 astonishing 8 amused 9 terrifying shocked 10 bored boring 11 boring interesting
97.3 2 bored 8 interested 3 confusing 9 exhausted 4 disgusting 10 excited 5 interested 11 amusing 6 annoyed 12 interesting 7 boring
98.1 2 an unusual gold ring 3 a nice new pullover 4 a new green pullover 5 a beautiful old house 6 black leather gloves 7 an old American film 8 a long thin face 9 big black clouds 10 a lovely sunny day 11 a long wide avenue

 12 a small black metal box 13 a big fat black cat 14 a lovely little old village 15 beautiful long black hair 16 an interesting old French painting 17 an enormous red and yellow umbrella
98.2
3 the last two days
4 the first two weeks of September
5 the next few days
6 the first three questions (of the
examination)
7 the next two years
8 the last three days of our holiday
98.3
2 tastes awful or tasted awful
3 feel fine
4 smell nice
5 look wet
6 sounds quite interesting or
sounded quite interesting
98.4

UNIT 99 99.1

2 happy 3 happily

4 violent

2 badly 5 unexpectedly
3 easily 6 regularly
4 patiently

99.2
3 selfishly 8 badly

9 badly

10 safe 11 angrily

5 terrible

6 properly

4 terribly 5 sudden 6 colourfully 7 colourful

2 careful3 continuously4 happily

99.4 2 seriously ill

5 fluent 6 specially 7 complete 8 perfectly 9 nervous

absolutely enormous
slightly damaged
unusually quiet
completely changed
unnecessarily long
badly planned

10 financially / completely